PRACTICAL CLINICAL COURSES

A Service of the Gordon J. Christensen Career Development Program

V4116 Oral Surgery in General Practice

Karl R. Koerner, DDS, MS Gordon J. Christensen, DDS, MSD, PhD

Materials Included:

C.E. Instruction Sheet
Products List
Clinicians Responsible
Goals & Objectives
Overview
Supplemental Materials
AGD Post-Test

Gordon J. Christensen PRACTICAL CLINICAL COURSES

PROCEDURE FOR RECEIVING CE CREDIT FOR VIDEO COURSES

- 1. Complete the enclosed Post-Test.* For each <u>CE Video Purchased</u>, one complimentary test is included. Additional tests are \$35/person per test. Fees can be paid by check or with a credit card when submitting tests to Practical Clinical Courses. If more than 10 CE tests are required per video, please contact us at 800-223-6569.
- 2. Complete the demographic information located at the end of the test.

Type of Credit:

- a. If the applicant selects "State," PCC will issue a certificate of verification to the applicant. The applicant must then submit this certificate to their state board to obtain credit.
- b. If the applicant selects "AGD," PCC will submit credit information to the Academy of General Dentistry and confirmation to the applicant that it has been submitted (the applicant may check their AGD transcript for verification please allow 30 days).
- c. If the applicant selects "Both," PCC will complete a. & b. above.
- 3. Return the **Post-Test portion** via mail, fax, or email. Our contact information is as follows:

Practical Clinical Courses 3707 N Canyon Road Suite 3D Provo, UT 84604 Fax: (801) 226-8637 cetests@pccdental.com

4. Practical Clinical Courses will correct the Post-Test. Passing scores are 70% or higher.

*TO OBTAIN CE CREDIT ONLINE: Login or create an account on www.pccdental.com and select "My CE Tests" from the left-side menu. Click on the video title to take the test online. RESULTS ARE IMMEDIATE. Missing the test? Contact us at 800-223-6569 during our business hours of 7:00 a.m. – 4:00 p.m. MST to add it to your account.

Gordon J. Christensen

PRACTICAL CLINICAL COURSES

Sources of Products Discussed in

V4116 Oral Surgery in General Practice

Presented by: Karl R. Koerner, DDS, MS and Gordon J. Christensen, DDS, MSD, PhD

ADSON-BROWN PICKUPS (43) BIRDBEAK FORCEPS 1174 (Ash-Type) CHILD'S BITE BLOCK COGSWELL B COTTON PLIER COWHORN FORCEPS #23 LUXATORS [3S 3C, 5S 5C][3&5mm Straight][3&5mm Curved] MANDIBULAR APICAL RETENTION FORCEP [151 (HF) or 1121 (KS)] MAXILLARY APICAL RETENTION FORCEP [150 (HF) or 1107 (KS)] **MAYO-HEGAR NEEDLE HOLDER PERIOSTEAL ELEVATOR (Molt #9) RETRACTOR (Seldin 23)** ROOT TIP PICKS [West 2, 3 or Heidbrink 13, 14 DE] SCALPEL HANDLE/BLADE SCISSORS (Curved Kelly #1) **SPOON CURETTE (Lucas 86)** STRAIGHT ELEVATOR (301) SUTURE MATERIAL (Chromic Gut 4.0 with C6 or FS-2 Needle) SYRINGE/ANESTHETIC

Hu-Friedy Mfg. Co., LLC 3232 North Rockwell Street Chicago, IL 60618 (800)483-7433 (773)975-6100 www.hufriedygroup.com

OR

Karl Schumacher Dental, LLC 1666 E. Touhy Avenue Des Plaines, IL 60018 (800)523-2427 (215)322-0511 www.karlschumacher.com

Product names, the products themselves, and company names change rapidly. Please contact the companies shown to confirm current information.

Gordon J. Christensen Practical Clinical Courses, 3707 North Canyon Road, Suite 3D, Provo, UT 84604
Toll Free (800) 223-6569 or Utah Residents (801) 226-6569

The techniques and procedures on this videotape are intended to be suggestions only. Any licensed practitioner viewing this presentation must make his or her own professional decisions about specific treatment for patients. PCC is not responsible for any damages or other liabilities (including attorney's fees) resulting, or claimed to result in whole or in part, from actual or alleged problems arising out of the use of this presentation.

Gordon J. Christensen

PRACTICAL CLINICAL COURSES

Sources of Products Discussed in

V4116 Oral Surgery in General Practice (Continued)

Presented by: Karl R. Koerner, DDS, MS and Gordon J. Christensen, DDS, MSD, PhD

1. ActCel

Patterson Dental Supply, Inc. 1031 Mendota Heights Road St. Paul, MN 55120 (800)328-5536 (651)686-1600 www.pattersondental.com

2. ActCel

Henry Schein Dental 135 Duryea Road Melville, NY 11747 (800)372-4346 (631)843-5500 www.henryschein.com

3. Bone Burs (H73E.11.040 Straight)

Brasseler USA Dental One Brasseler Blvd. Savannah, GA 31419 (800)841-4522 www.brasselerusa.com

4. Bone Burs (H251E.11.040 Straight)

Brasseler USA Dental One Brasseler Blvd. Savannah, GA 31419 (800)841-4522 www.brasselerusa.com

5. **Bone Burs** (H251.11.060 Straight)

Brasseler USA Dental One Brasseler Blvd. Savannah, GA 31419 (800)841-4522 www.brasselerusa.com

6. Bone Burs (#8 Round FGSurg)

Brasseler USA Dental One Brasseler Blvd. Savannah, GA 31419 (800)841-4522 www.brasselerusa.com

7. Bone File (2X)

Hu-Friedy Mfg. Co., LLC 3232 North Rockwell Street Chicago, IL 60618 (800)483-7433 (773)975-6100 www.hufriedygroup.com

8. **Bonewax (ETHICON)**

Henry Schein Dental 135 Duryea Road Melville, NY 11747 (800)372-4346 (631)843-5500 www.henryschein.com

9. Burs (702 FGSurg) & (1702 FGSurg End Cutting)

Brasseler USA Dental One Brasseler Blvd. Savannah, GA 31419 (800)841-4522 www.brasselerusa.com

10. Burs (703 FGSurg), (560 FGSurg), & (700XXL)

Brasseler USA Dental One Brasseler Blvd. Savannah, GA 31419 (800)841-4522 www.brasselerusa.com

11. Gelfoam (See Surgifoam)

Patterson Dental Supply, Inc. 1031 Mendota Heights Rd St. Paul, MN 55120 (800)328-5536 (651)686-1600 www.pattersondental.com

12. Handpieces 45° and 33°

Medidenta 3575 West Post Road Las Vegas, NV 89118 (800)221-0750 www.medidenta.com

13. Handpieces Impact Air 45

Henry Schein Dental 135 Duryea Road Melville, NY 11747 (800)372-4346 (631)843-5500 www.henryschein.com

14. Handpieces Straight (Electric)

Bien-Air Dental USA, Inc. 8861 Research Drive Irvine, CA 92618 (800)433-2436 www.bienair.com

15. HemoStyp by Medspring

Boss Safety Products 30081 Comercio Rancho Santa Margarita, CA 92688 (800)206-5970 www.bosstactical.com

16. Irrigation Syringe

Patterson Dental Supply, Inc. 1031 Mendota Heights Rd St. Paul, MN 55120 (800)328-5536 (651)686-1600 www.pattersondental.com

17. Large Cryers (31)

Hu-Friedy Mfg. Co., LLC 3232 North Rockwell Street Chicago, IL 60618 (800)483-7433 (773)975-6100 www.hufriedygroup.com

18. Lindo-Levin Elevator

Zoll Dental 7450 N. Natchez Avenue Niles, IL 60714 (800)239-2904 (847)647-1819 www.zolldental.com

19. Luxator Instruments

Directa USA 64 Barnabas Road, Unit 3 Newtown, CT 06470 (800)537-8765 (203)491-2273 www.directadental.com

20. Modified Cowhorn Forceps (79AS)

Karl Schumacher Dental, LLC 1666 E. Touhy Avenue Des Plaines, IL 60018 (800)523-2427 (215)322-0511 www.karlschumacher.com

21. Rongeurs (30° Standard Blumenthal)

Hu-Friedy Mfg. Co., LLC 3232 North Rockwell Street Chicago, IL 60618 (800)483-7433 (773)975-6100 www.hufriedygroup.com

22. Root Tip Forceps (Mini Rongeurs & 301 Serrated)

Hu-Friedy Mfg. Co., LLC 3232 North Rockwell Street Chicago, IL 60618 (800)483-7433 (773)975-6100 www.hufriedygroup.com

23. Root Tip Forceps (Peet's & 1251E)

Karl Schumacher Dental, LLC 1666 E. Touhy Avenue Des Plaines, IL 60018 (800)523-2427 (215)322-0511 www.karlschumacher.com

24. Small Cryers (21, 22)

Karl Schumacher Dental, LLC 1666 E. Touhy Avenue Des Plaines, IL 60018 (800)523-2427 (215)322-0511 www.karlschumacher.com

25. Small, Plastic Suction Tips (1/16" Diameter)

Henry Schein Dental 135 Duryea Road Melville, NY 11747 (800)372-4346 (631)843-5500 www.henryschein.com

26. Spade Elevators (60 Straight, 63 Curved) (60L and 60R)

Karl Schumacher Dental, LLC 1666 E. Touhy Avenue Des Plaines, IL 60018 (800)523-2427 (215)322-0511 www.karlschumacher.com

27. Surgical Suction Aspirator Tips (Regular 15P3A)(Small 02BA) by Quality Aspirators

Henry Schein Dental 135 Duryea Road Melville, NY 11747 (800)372-4346 (631)843-5500 www.henryschein.com

28. Surgicel

Henry Schein Dental 135 Duryea Road Melville, NY 11747 (800)372-4346 (631)843-5500 www.henryschein.com

29. Surgicel

Patterson Dental Supply, Inc. 1031 Mendota Heights Rd St. Paul, MN 55120 (800)328-5536 (651)686-1600 www.pattersondental.com

30. SurgiFoam (Alternative for Gelfoam)

Patterson Dental Supply, Inc. 1031 Mendota Heights Rd St. Paul, MN 55120 (800)328-5536 (651)686-1600 www.pattersondental.com

Product names, the products themselves, and company names change rapidly. Please contact the companies shown to confirm current information.

Gordon J. Christensen Practical Clinical Courses, 3707 North Canyon Road, Suite 3D, Provo, UT 84604 Toll Free (800) 223-6569 or Utah Residents (801) 226-6569

The techniques and procedures on this videotape are intended to be suggestions only. Any licensed practitioner viewing this presentation must make his or her own professional decisions about specific treatment for patients. PCC is not responsible for any damages or other liabilities (including attorney's fees) resulting, or claimed to result in whole or in part, from actual or alleged problems arising out of the use of this presentation.

PROGRAM

V4116 Oral Surgery in General Practice

CLINICIANS RESPONSIBLE:

Karl R. Koerner, DDS, MS

General Practitioner, Logan, Utah

Gordon J. Christensen, DDS, MSD, PhD

Founder and CEO, Practical Clinical Courses Senior Consultant & Previous CEO, CR Foundation Practicing Prosthodontist, Provo, Utah

GOALS & OBJECTIVES

At the completion of this video presentation, participants should be able to accomplish the following:

- 1. Describe several concepts in oral surgical procedures that must be done in a specific way.
- 2. Describe several concepts in oral surgical procedures that are a matter of personal preference.
- 3. Describe methods to obtain adequate visibility when accomplishing oral surgical procedures.
- 4. Compare the use and physical characteristics of "Luxators" and elevators.
- 5. Describe the importance of inter-radicular bone related to difficulty or simplicity of removing teeth.
- 6. Discuss why sectioning of maxillary first and second molars before removing them may be necessary.
- 7. Draw the described locations in which sectional cuts are made in maxillary first and second molars before their removal.
- 8. Discuss when it is necessary to remove bone on the facial aspect of maxillary third molars during their removal.
- 9. List the suggested instruments in a basic set-up for routine removal of teeth.
- 10. Discuss the reasons for use of a "bite block" during tooth extraction.
- 11. Describe when a Cryer instrument may be needed.
- 12. Discuss "air emphysema" and how to prevent it.
- 13. List the steps normally used in tooth removal.
- 14. Describe ankylosis.
- 15. Discuss when it may be acceptable to leave a root tip in place.
- 16. List six reasons for continuing postoperative pain.
- 17. List five potential reasons for excess bleeding during routine tooth extraction.
- 18. Discuss continuation or stopping Coumadin during oral surgical procedures.
- 19. Discuss when surgical extraction procedures are recommended instead of routine forcep extraction.
- 20. Discuss the potential levels of involvement of general dental practitioners in oral surgical procedures, and when the patient should be referred to an oral and maxillofacial surgeon.

OVERVIEW

V4116 Oral Surgery in General Practice

The majority of tooth extractions are accomplished by general dental practitioners. However, few dental schools teach this technique in detail, and most dental students graduate from school with minimal experience in oral surgical procedures. As a result, the majority of techniques in this important area of dentistry are learned by experience.

This presentation provides information on many of the basic concepts in understanding and accomplishing routine oral surgical procedures related to tooth extraction:

- 1. **Adequate visibility** is a requirement to facilitate relatively easy and predictable tooth extraction. Flap reflection for removal of some teeth is shown in the video.
- 2. **"Luxators"** are one of the most useful of all instruments for tooth extraction. This instrument appears to be an elevator on first sight. However, the tips are much thinner and knife-like. They can be wedged easily between the tooth structure and bone that is thick enough to allow force to be placed on it without breaking. The result is a slow, but sure displacement of the tooth from its socket.
- 3. **Inter-radicular bone removal.** Bone between roots can be a severe impediment to easy tooth removal. If teeth cannot be removed without inter-radicular bone removal, then the small piece of bone should be removed, usually allowing easy extraction.
- 4. **Mesial and/or distal troughing.** Occasionally, it is difficult to remove teeth or teeth fragments with minimal visual or physical access and coronal tooth structure remaining. A small trough can be made in the bone on the mesial or distal or both aspects of the involved tooth to allow necessary force to be delivered to the affected tooth for removal.
- 5. **Sectioning upper first or second molars.** Many molars require sectioning for atraumatic removal. Sectioning allows the roots of a multi-rooted tooth to be removed one or two at a time. This video shows the location and depth of tooth sectioning to facilitate easier tooth removal when necessary.
- 6. **Buccal bone removal on upper third molars.** Some maxillary third molars are difficult to remove without removing a small amount of bone on the facial tooth surface. Avoiding this bone removal often results in breaking a piece of bone from the tuberosity area.

This presentation demonstrates the points enumerated above in a live clinical surgery procedure. A typical patient requiring tooth extraction has the following teeth removed: maxillary first molar, maxillary first and second premolars, and maxillary canine.

SUPPLEMENTAL MATERIALS

V4116 Oral Surgery in General Practice

- 1. Herman WW, Konzelman JL and Sutley SH. Current perspectives on dental patients receiving coumarin anticoagulant therapy. JADA 128(3):327. March, 1997.
- 2. Koerner, KR. Editor. Manual of minor oral surgery for the general dentist. Blackwell Munksgaard. Ames, Iowa. 2006. Chapter 2: Surgical Extractions by Dr. Hussam Batal and Dr. Gregg Jacob.
- 3. Koerner, KR. Editor. Manual of minor oral surgery for the general dentist. Blackwell Munksgaard. Ames, Iowa. 2006. Chapter 10: Management of peri-operative bleeding by Dr. Karl Koerner and Dr. William McBee.
- 4. Wahl MJ. Myths of dental surgery in patients receiving anticoagulant therapy. JADA 131(1):77. January, 2000.
- 5. Johnson-Leong C and Rada RE. The use of low-molecular-weight heparins in outpatient oral surgery for patients receiving anticoagulation therapy. JADA 133(8):1083. August, 2002.
- 6. Peterson LJ. Senior Editor. Contemporary oral and maxillofacial surgery, 4th ed. Mosby. St. Louis, MO. 2003. Chapters 6, 7, and 8 on surgical armamentarium, uncomplicated exodontia, and complicated exodontia.
- 7. Brosnihan J and Rice C. Divide and conquer: Extracting maxillary first molars. Dent Today. October, 1998.
- 8. Chen SC, Lin FY, and Chang KJ. Subcutaneous emphysema and pneumomediastinum after dental extraction. Am J Emerg Med 17(7):678. November, 1999.
- 9. Rossiter JL and Hendrix RA. latrogenic subcutaneous cervicfacial and mediastinal emphysema. J Otolaryngol 20(5)315. October, 1991.

POST-TEST

V4116 Oral Surgery in General Practice

- 1. "Luxators":
 - a. appear to be similar to elevators.
 - b. have much thinner tips than elevators.
 - c. can be broken relatively easily.
 - d. all the above.
- 2. When sectioning a maxillary molar to facilitate removal, the first cut is usually:
 - a. between the facial segment with the two roots and the segment that connects to the lingual root.
 - b. between the two facial roots.
 - c. in a transverse direction from the mesial-facial to the distal-lingual of the tooth.
 - d. none of the above.
- 3. Removing bone from the facial surface of an upper third molar:
 - a. assists by loosening the tooth.
 - b. allows the facial aspect of the tooth root(s) to be removed relatively easily.
 - c. promotes faster healing of the extraction site.
 - d. is a significantly traumatic procedure.
- 4. If after 4 or 5 minutes of luxation of a lower molar, the tooth is not mobile in the bone socket:
 - a. refer the patient to a surgically oriented dentist.
 - b. section the tooth in a mesial-distal direction.
 - c. section the tooth in a facial-lingual direction.
 - d. continue to luxate the tooth for 2 more minutes.
- 5. After a tooth is sectioned, the first root should be removed with a:
 - a. straight elevator.
 - b. forcep.
 - c. small Cryer instrument.
 - d. Luxator.
 - e. any of the above.
- 6. The majority of teeth are extracted by:
 - a. oral and maxillofacial surgeons.
 - b. general dentists.
 - c. endodontists.
 - d. pediatric dentists.
- 7. Ingested agents that can cause an interference with adequate clotting include:
 - a. anticancer drugs.
 - b. aspirin.
 - c. alcohol.
 - d. antibiotics.
 - e. any of the above.

POST-TEST (CONT'D)

V4116 Oral Surgery in General Practice

- 8. When patients requiring a tooth extraction are on Coumadin, consult with the physician who has them on Coumadin and:
 - a. stop the Coumadin a week before the extraction.
 - b. continue the Coumadin right through the oral surgical procedure.
 - c. stop the Coumadin, start bridging therapy, and then restart it again.
 - d. none of the above.
- 9. A typical reason for postoperative pain after an extraction is:
 - a. leaving non-mobile root tips in the socket.
 - b. sutures too tight.
 - c. alveolar bone left rounded surrounding the tooth socket.
 - d. use of a Luxator.
- 10. Herbs that can cause excess bleeding after tooth extraction include:
 - a. garlic.
 - b. ginseng.
 - c. ginger.
 - d. chamomile.
 - e. all the above.
- 11. Occasionally, it is acceptable to leave a broken-off root tip in the socket if:
 - a. the tooth is broken off at the gingival line.
 - b. the root tip has no sign of periapical pathosis.
 - c. the root tip is solidly in place and is no longer than 5 mm.
 - d. the patient is tired.

PLEASE PRINT

ame	
ame of video purchaser (if different from above)	
ddress	
ty/State/Zip	
none No	
nail	
dicate which type of credit you wish to obtain: \square AGD \square State \square Both	
ate License No AGD No	
ayment information 🗆 Visa 🗆 American Express 🗆 Mastercard 🗆 Discover	
ard # Expires / CVV2-Code:	
or each <u>CE Video Purchased</u> , one complimentary test is included. If you require CE tests for staff members or additional doctors to redit, the fee is \$35/person per test.	eceiv

If more than 10 CE tests are required per video, please contact PCC at 800-223-6569.