PRACTICAL CLINICAL COURSES

A Service of the Gordon J. Christensen Career Development Program

V3902 Preparing for Your Next Medical Emergency, 3rd Edition

David M. Anderson, DDS, MD Gordon J. Christensen, DDS, MSD, PhD

Materials Included:

C.E. Instruction Sheet
Products List
Clinicians Responsible
Goals & Objectives
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Supplemental Materials
AGD Post-Test

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PROCEDURE FOR RECEIVING CE CREDIT FOR VIDEO COURSES

- 1. Complete the enclosed Post-Test.* For each <u>CE Video Purchased</u>, one test is included. If additional tests are needed, the following fees will apply: \$25 per test for 1 additional dentist; \$10 per test for each auxiliary (dental assistants, hygienists, lab technicians no limit on auxiliary tests). Fees can be paid either by check or credit card when tests are submitted to Practical Clinical Courses.
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Sources of Products Discussed in

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Presented by: David M. Anderson, DDS, MD & Gordon J. Christensen, DDS, MSD, PhD

1. AED Plus Unit

ZOLL Medical Corporation 269 Mill Road Chelmsford, MA 01824-4105 (800)348-9011 (978)421-9655 www.zoll.com

2. Ambu Bag

Local Medical Supply Company

3. Basic Emergency Medical Kits

HealthFirst 11629 49th Place West Mukilteo, WA 98275 (800)331-1984 (425)771-5733 www.healthfirst.com

4. Criticare Monitor 506

Salvin Dental Specialties 3450 Latrobe Drive Charlotte, NC 28211 (800)535-6566 (704)442-5400 www.salvin.com

5. Criticare N-Genuity

Salvin Dental Specialties 3450 Latrobe Drive Charlotte, NC 28211 (800)535-6566 (704)442-5400 www.salvin.com

6. Intellisense Professional Digital

Blood Pressure Monitor

Omron Healthcare, Inc. 1925 West Field Court Lake Forest, IL 60045 (800)634-4350 (847)680-6200 www.omronhealthcare.com

7. Stat Kit 550 Emergency Medical Kit

HealthFirst 11629 49th Place West Mukilteo, WA 98275 (800)331-1984 (425)771-5733 www.healthfirst.com

Product names, the products themselves, and company names change rapidly. Please contact the companies shown to confirm current information.

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PROGRAM

V3902 Preparing for Your Next Medical Emergency, 3rd Edition

CLINICIANS RESPONSIBLE:

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Founder and CEO, Practical Clinical Courses
Senior Consultant & Previous CEO, CR Foundation
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GOALS & OBJECTIVES

At the completion of this video presentation, viewers should be able to:

- 1. Discuss adequate medical history questionnaire content.
- 2. Discuss physical evaluation needs.
- 3. List and discuss the American Society of Anesthesiologists (ASA) classification of patients.
- 4. Discuss the need to consult with other practitioners on specific patient treatments.
- 5. Discuss the relative percentage of occurrence of typical medical emergencies in dental offices.
- 6. List the signs, symptoms, and treatment for syncope.
- 7. List the signs, symptoms, and treatment for an allergic reaction.
- 8. List the signs, symptoms, and treatment for anaphylactic shock.
- 9. List the signs, symptoms, and treatment for postural hypotension.
- 10. List the signs, symptoms, and treatment for a seizure.
- 11. List the signs, symptoms, and treatment for asthmatic attack.
- 12. List the signs, symptoms, and treatment for bronchospasm.
- 13. List the signs, symptoms, and treatment for hyperventilation.
- 14. List the signs, symptoms, and treatment for epinephrine reaction.
- 15. List the signs, symptoms, and treatment for hypoglycemia and insulin shock.
- 16. List the signs, symptoms, and treatment for angina and myocardial infarction.
- 17. List the signs, symptoms, and treatment for stroke.
- 18. List the signs, symptoms, and treatment for aspirating an object.
- 19. List the major contents for a typical medical emergency kit.
- 20. Make suggestions for a typical staff educational session on medical emergencies.

OVERVIEW

V3902 Preparing for Your Next Medical Emergency, 3rd Edition

Although infrequently occurring, medical emergencies do occur in outpatient clinics, and they usually occur at very inconvenient times. This presentation is planned: (1) to show a demonstration of the signs and symptoms of typical medical emergencies that are known to occur in dental offices, (2) to pause for the viewers to determine what emergency they are observing, and (3) to discuss treatment for the emergency.

The following topics are included in this presentation:

- Medical history questionnaire content
- Physical evaluation needs
- The American Society of Anesthesiologists (ASA) classification of patients
- Need to consult with other practitioners on specific patient treatments
- The relative percentage of occurrence of typical medical emergencies in dental offices
- Signs, symptoms, and treatment for syncope
- Signs, symptoms, and treatment for an allergic reaction
- Signs, symptoms, and treatment for anaphylactic shock
- Signs, symptoms, and treatment for postural hypotension
- Signs, symptoms, and treatment for a seizure
- Signs, symptoms, and treatment for asthmatic attack
- Signs, symptoms, and treatment for bronchospasm
- Signs, symptoms, and treatment for hyperventilation
- Signs, symptoms, and treatment for epinephrine reaction
- Signs, symptoms, and treatment for hypoglycemia and insulin shock
- Signs, symptoms, and treatment for angina and myocardial infarction
- Signs, symptoms, and treatment for stroke
- Signs, symptoms, and treatment for aspirating an object
- List the major ingredients for a typical medical emergency kit
- Make suggestions for a typical staff educational session on medical emergencies

SUPPLEMENTAL MATERIALS

V3902 Preparing for Your Next Medical Emergency, 3rd Edition

- 1. Aluchna A, Aluchna M, Smereka J, Szarpak Ł. Preparedness and attitudes towards medical emergencies in the dental office among Polish dentists. Int Dent J. 2019 Aug; 69(4):321-8. doi: 10.1111/idj.12473. Epub 2019 Mar 7.
- Al-Hassan M, AlQahtani S. Preparedness of dental clinics for medical emergencies in Riyadh, Saudi Arabia. Saudi Dent J. 2019 Jan;31(1):115-21.
 doi: 10.1016/j.sdentj.2018.11.006. Epub 2018 Nov 24.
- 3. Azad A, Deilami Z, Karimi A, Talattof Z, Zahed M. Knowledge and attitude of general dentists regarding common emergencies in dental offices: A cross-sectional study in Shiraz, Iran. Indian J Dent Res. 2018 Sep-Oct;29(5):551-5. doi: 10.4103/ijdr.IJDR 587 16.
- 4. Ragan MR, Rayner C. Are You Ready for Emergency Medical Services in Your Oral and Maxillofacial Surgery Office? Oral Maxillofac Surg Clin North Am. 2018 May; 30(2):123-35. doi: 10.1016/j.coms.2018.01.006.
- 5. Cardona CY, Gangula PR, Gill DG, Halpern LR, Mouton CP, Southerland JH. Dental management in patients with hypertension: challenges and solutions. Clin Cosmet Investig Dent. 2016 Oct 17; 8:111-20. eCollection 2016.
- 6. Barzani G, Dym H, Mohan N. Emergency Drugs for the Dental Office. Dent Clin North Am. 2016 Apr;60(2):287-94. doi: 10.1016/j.cden.2015.11.001.

POST-TEST

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1.	It is suggested that ASA classifications should be treated in dental offices. a. 1-2 b. 1-3	
	c. 1-4	
	d. 1-6	
	u. 10	
2.	It is suggested that ASA classifications should be treated in hospitals.	
	a. 2-6	
	b. 3-6	
	c. 4-6	
	d. 5-6	
3.	Which is the most commonly occurring medical emergency in dental offices?	
	a. Postural hypotension	
	b. Asthmatic attack	
	c. Syncope	
	d. Angina	
4.	Hives; swelling of the lips, tongue, face; wheezing; and rapid pulse may indicate:	
	a. postural hypotension.	
	b. an allergic reaction.	
	c. an asthmatic attack.	
	d. syncope.	
5.	A patient stands up after being treated and faints. This is usually	
	a. hyperventilation	
	b. stroke	
	c. hypoglycemia	
	d. postural hypotension	
6.	A patient who has confusion, uncontrollable jerking, fear, and staring has	
	a. a stroke	
	b. a myocardial infarction	
	c. a seizure	
	d. insulin shock	
7.	A patient receiving dental treatment has unexpected pain and pressure in the chest. This usual	lly
	indicates	
	a. anaphylaxis	
	b. angina or myocardial infarction	
	c. a stroke	
	d. an epinephrine reaction	

POST-TEST (CONT'D)

	V3902 Preparing for Your Next Medical Emergency, 3 rd Edition
	A patient receiving dental treatment has wheezing when breathing, severe coughing, and difficulty talking. These conditions usually indicate a. an epinephrine reaction b. an asthmatic attack c. angina or myocardial infarction d. a stroke
9.	When a patient appears to have swallowed or aspirated an object, you need to check the following potential locations where it may now be located: a. It could be in the digestive system – radiograph required. b. It could be in the respiratory system – radiograph required. c. It could have been aspirated by the high velocity suction system. Check the suction system. d. All of the above.
	It was suggested in this presentation that the best way to ensure that staff understand medical emergencies is to: a. make a written list of the emergencies. b. have frequent staff in-service education sessions and discuss the emergencies. c. have staff read a book on the subject. d. go to a course on medical emergencies. PLEASE PRINT
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